# CALENDAR ITEM

- A 17, 25
- S 12,14

12/10/10 WP 7324.9 M. Clark

# **GENERAL LEASE – PUBLIC AGENCY USE**

#### **APPLICANT:**

California Department of Fish and Game

#### AREA, LAND TYPE, AND LOCATION:

Four parcels, totaling approximately 27.52 acres of sovereign land in the Merced River, downstream of the Crocker Huffman Dam, near the town of Snelling, Merced County.

#### AUTHORIZED USE:

Continued use and maintenance of three existing spawning habitat sites and the creation of one additional spawning habitat site for Chinook salmon and Central Valley steelhead as part of the Merced River Ranch Floodplain Restoration Project as shown on Exhibit A.

#### LEASE TERM:

20 years, beginning December 10, 2010.

#### **CONSIDERATION:**

The public use and benefit; with the State reserving the right at any time to set a monetary rent if the Commission finds such action to be in the State's best interest.

#### **SPECIFIC LEASE PROVISIONS:**

At all times while construction activities are taking place in the Merced River, Lessee shall install warning signs and buoys, both upstream and downstream of the construction site, to provide notice to the public that construction activities are taking place in the Merced River and to exercise caution.

#### **OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION:**

1. Applicant owns and has the right to use the uplands adjoining the lease premises.

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- 2. On August 30, 1989, the Commission authorized a General Permit Public Agency Use to the California Department of Fish and Game (DFG) for the creation of a salmon habitat site. On July 15, 1991, the permit was amended to include the creation of two additional spawning sites. That permit expired August 31, 2009. The DFG is now applying to the Commission for a new lease that will include one additional spawning habitat site. The proposed new lease area will, therefore, include a total of four parcels encompassing approximately 27.52 acres of sovereign land in the bed of the Merced River. The existing, previously authorized sites will continue to be maintained by DFG.
- 3. The new proposed project, known as Merced River Ranch Floodplain Restoration Project (MRRFRP), is located within critical habitat for the Central Valley steelhead and Chinook salmon. Damming, flow diversions, and gold mining have reduced the Merced River's flow and decreased coarse sediment transport, consequently reducing natural floodplains and rearing habitat for salmon and steelhead. The project proposes to increase spawning and rearing habitat through re-grading and rehabilitating approximately 6 acres of dredger tailings on the historic upland floodplain and approximately 5.5 acres of salmonid spawning habitat in the bed of the river.
- 4. Construction is anticipated to take place over a five-year period starting August 1, 2011 through October 30, 2016. All in-water work will be performed when the river flows are low and prior to spawning season. The Applicant does not anticipate the use of water diverters during construction. The surrounding upland floodplain will be graded to restore elevation and side channel connectivity and approximately 56,000 cubic yards of material from the dredger tailings within the floodplain will be used to create the spawning riffles. An additional 13,000 cubic yards of material will be used to fill channel holes and create the designed channel slope. All excavated material will be used within the project site. After floodplain and grading activities are completed, the disturbed areas will be re-vegetated.
- 5. **Existing Spawning Habitat:** Pursuant to the Commission's delegation of authority and State CEQA Guidelines (Title 14, California Code of Regulations, section 15061), staff has determined this activity is exempt from the requirements of CEQA as a categorically exempt project. The project is exempt under Class 1, Existing Facilities; Title 2, California Code of Regulations, section 2905 (a)(2).

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Authority: Public Resources Code section 21084 and Title 14, California Code of Regulations, section 15300 and Title 2, California Code of Regulations, section 2905.

- 6. **Proposed Habitat:** A Mitigated Negative Declaration SCH# 2010041098 was prepared by the California Department of Fish and Game and adopted on June 24, 2010, for this project. The California State Lands Commission's staff has reviewed such document. A Mitigation Monitoring Program was adopted by the DFG and is provided in Exhibit C.
- 7. This activity involves lands identified as possessing significant environmental values pursuant to Public Resources Code section 6370, et seq, but such activity will not affect those significant lands. Based upon the staff's consultation with the persons nominating such lands and through the CEQA review process, it is the staff's opinion that the project, as proposed, is consistent with its use classification.

# **APPROVALS OBTAINED:**

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, NOAA Fisheries, California Department of Fish and Game, California Regional Water Quality Control Board, and State Water Resources Control Board.

# EXHIBITS:

- A. Site and Location Map
- B. Land Description
- C. Mitigation Monitoring Program

# PERMIT STREAMLINING ACT DEADLINE:

February 27, 2011

# **RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

It is recommended that the Commission:

# **CEQA FINDING:**

**Existing Spawning Habitat:** Find that the activity is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to Title 14, California Code of Regulations, section 15061 as a categorically exempt project, Class 1, Existing Facilities; Title 2, California Code of Regulations, section 2905 (a)(2).

**Proposed New Habitat:** Find that a Mitigated Negative Declaration SCH #2010041098 and a Mitigation Monitoring Program were prepared by Department of Fish and Game and adopted on June 24, 2010, for this

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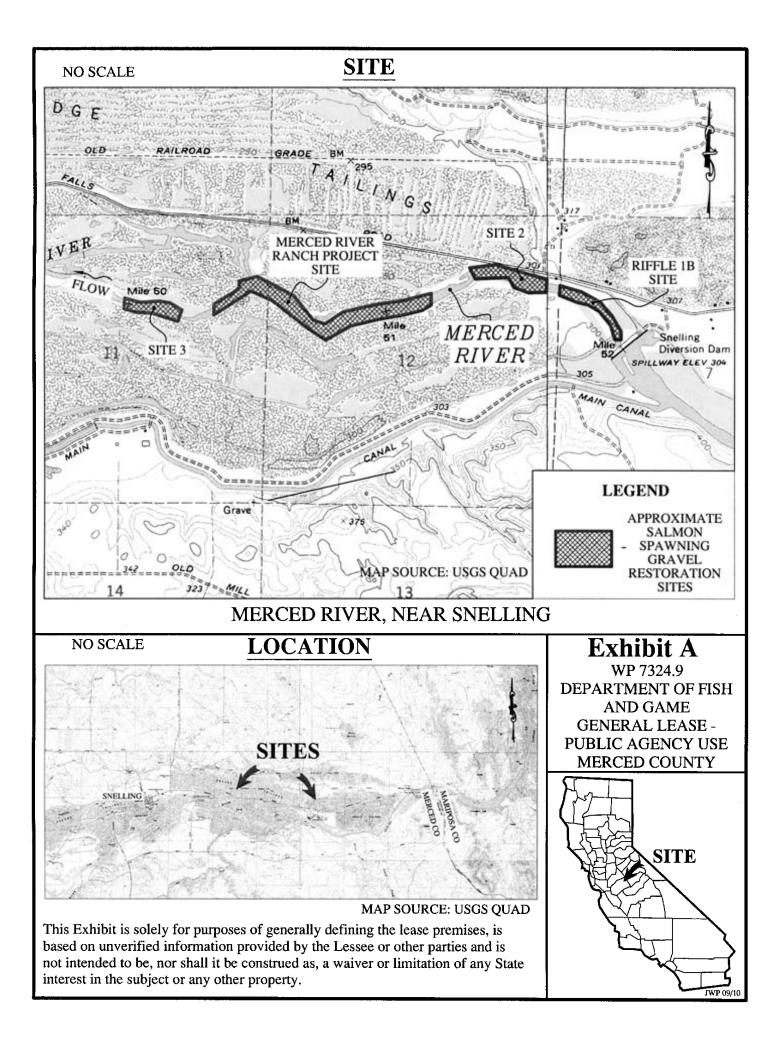
Project and that the Commission reviewed and considered the information contained therein. Adopt the Mitigation Monitoring Program, as contained in Exhibit C, attached hereto.

#### SIGNIFICANT LANDS INVENTORY FINDING:

Find that this activity is consistent with the use classification designated by the Commission for the land pursuant to Public Resources Code section 6370, et seq.

#### AUTHORIZATION:

Authorize issuance of a General Lease – Public Agency Use to the California Department of Fish and Game beginning December 10, 2010, for a term of 20 years, for the continued use and maintenance of three existing spawning riffle sites and the creation of additional spawning habitat for Chinook salmon and Central Valley steelhead as shown on Exhibit A (for reference purposes only) and as described in Exhibit B attached and by this reference made a part hereof; consideration being the public use and benefit with the State reserving the right at any time to set a monetary rent if the Commission finds such action to be in the State's best interest.



#### EXHIBIT B

#### LAND DESCRIPTION

Four parcels of submerged land situate in the bed of the Merced River, lying adjacent to Section 7, Township 5 South, Range 15 East, Mount Diablo Meridian as shown on Official U.S. Government Plat approved March 31, 1855, also lying adjacent to Sections 11 and 12, Township 5 South, Range 14 East, Mount Diablo Meridian as shown on Official U.S. Government Plat approved March 31, 1855, in Merced County, State of California, and being more particularly described as follows:

Parcel 1 (Merced River Ranch Project Site)

A parcel of all that submerged land in the bed of the Merced River bounded on the west by a line beginning at a point having CCS83, Zone 3 coordinates: Northing (y) = 2011927.29 feet and Easting (x) = 6591553.07 feet which bears South 83°10'23" East 31,294.14 feet from NGS monument PID HS2198 having CCS83, Zone 3 coordinates: Northing (y) = 2015647.27 feet and Easting (x) = 6560480.82 feet; thence South 1700 feet more or less to the southerly bank of the Merced River, being the terminus of said line;

Said parcel bounded on the east by line beginning at a point having CCS83, Zone 3 coordinates: Northing (y) = 2011330.52 feet and Easting (x) = 6595509.03 feet which bears South 82°58'28" East 35,293.20 feet from NGS monument PID HS2198 having CCS83, Zone 3 coordinates: Northing (y) = 2015647.27 feet and Easting (x) = 6560480.82 feet; thence South 950 feet more or less to the southerly bank of the Merced River, being the terminus of said line;

EXCEPTING THEREFROM any portions lying landward of the low water marks of the Merced River.

The BASIS OF BEARINGS of this description is the California Coordinate System of 1983, Zone 3 (1991.35). All distances are grid distances.

Parcels 2 – 4

All that land in the bed of the Merced River, Merced County, California, lying immediately beneath the salmon spawning improvement as shown on Drawing No. 53-17 (Merced River-Riffle 1B) and Drawing No. 23-91 (Merced River Sites 2 & 3). Copies of said drawing are on file in PRC File No. 7324, in the California State Lands Commission Office, Sacramento, California.

EXCEPTING THEREFROM any portion lying landward of the ordinary low water mark of the Merced River.

# END OF DESCRIPTION

Parcel 1 prepared 09/15/2010 by the California State Lands Commission Boundary Unit. Parcels 2 – 4 based on that original description prepared by LLB on May, 1991 as found in PRC File No. 7324.



Mitigation Measure	Implementation Schedule	Responsible Party	Status / Date / Initials
 Native trees, such as Fremont cottorwood Populus fremontil, oak Quercus spp., and willow Salix spp. with a diameter-at-breast-height (DBH) of 6 in (15.2 cm) or greater will be protected with 30-ft (9.1-m). 10-ft (3-m), and 10-ft (3-m) buffers, respectively. Native trees will be marked with flagging and fenced if close to project work area to prevent disturbance. To compensate for the removal of riparian shrubs and trees during project implementation, the plans would be planted, and measures to be taken to ensure a minimum performance criteria of 70% survival of planted trees for a period of three consecutive years. Irrigation will not be used, but the return of inundation to the floodplain is expected to promote growth of native riparian species. If the evaluated. The tree plantings would be based on native tree species compensated for in the floolowing manner.	Entire Project	Permittee	
Oaks having a DBH of 3 – 5 in (7.6 – 12.7 cm) would be replaced in-kind, at a ratio of 3:1, and planted during the winter dormancy period in the nearest suitable location to the area where they were removed. Oaks with a DBH of greater than five inches would be replaced in- kind at a ratio of 5:1.			
 Riparian trees (i.e., willow, cottorwood, poplar, alder, ash, etc.) and shrubs would be replaced in-kind and on site, at a ratio of 3:1, and planted in the nearest suitable location to the area where they were removed.			
 Following methods in the Stillwater Sciences (2004) Mercury Assessment, total mercury from sediments will be evaluated to insure samples are below or within the range of natural background levels (50–80 ng/g) for California's Central Valley (Bouse et al. 1996). All samples previously collected were below this level (Stillwater Sciences 2004). Aqueous raw total mercury was also found to be below the California Toxics Rule for a drinking water source of 50 ng/L. In-river channel aqueous raw total mercury was at or below levels measured at relative control sites for the Cache Creek watershed (Slotton et al. 2004). a highly mining-impacted watershed in Northern California which has been identified for regulatory and remedial action with regard to mercury levels above established standards, work will be halted to assess contamination potential. As a further precaution, mercury levels will be halted to assess contamination potential. As a further precaution, mercury levels will be measured before, during, and after restoration activities in the MRR area.	During Construction	Permittee	

Mitigation Measure	Implementation Schedule	Responsible Party	Status / Date / Initials
To meet CDFG's recommendations for mitigation and protection of Swainson's hawks Buteo swainsoni, surveys will be conducted by a qualified biologist for a '% mile radius around all project activities. Site surveys will be conducted to identify suitable foraging and roosting habitat and species presence, in accordance with CDFG survey guidelines. The no-disturbance buffer should be a minimum of 0.25 mil (0.40 km) around any identified nests. If State-listed species are found to be nesting in the project area, CDFG will be notified to discuss project implementation and avoidance of take. Note, this project also provides for Swainson's hawk conservation: by restoring the river landscape and ecosystem processes that support riparian forests. Swainson's hawks have strong association with riparian forests which suggests that protection and restoration of these habitats may provide nesting habitat superior to other sources of trees such as roadsides and field margins. Bird species that occupy the mature tree and gallery forest component of riparian systems will also benefit from conservation or restoration of nesting habitat for Swainson's Hawk (Woodbridge 1998).	Entire Project	Permittee	
The project will comply with Section 401 of the Clean Water Act and obtain certification for project-related activities to control sediment and maintain water quality downstream of the project site during the construction activities. To minimize risk from additional fine sediments, all trucks and equipment will be cleaned, gravels will be processed away from flowing water, and in-stream work will occur during the low flow season (e.g., < 300 cfs). Sediment fencing will be used along the river corridor to capture floating materials or sediments mobilized during construction activities, and prevent water quality impacts. Stream bank impacts will be isolated and minimized to reduce bank sloughing. The banks will be stabilized with revegetation following project activities.	Entire Project	Permittee	
Implement the following dust reduction measures during movement of materials from construction staging area to sites where gravel augmentation will occur to reduce construction- related emissions: wet materials to limit visible dust emissions using water; provide at least 6 in (15.2 cm) of freeboard space from the top of the container; or, cover the container.	During Construction	Permittee/Subcontractors	
Implement the following dust reduction measure during gravel placement to reduce construction-related emissions:	During Construction	Permittee/Subcontractor	
Each year, before beginning construction activities a pre-project survey will be conducted of the project site. Extensive surveys for elderberry shrubs have already been completed (URS 2006d), and areas to avoid identified. If elderberry shrubs (or other special status plants) are identified in subsequent surveys they will be avoided. Complete avoidance may be assumed when there is at least a 100-ft (30.5 m) buffer around the plant. These buffers will be established and maintained around all elderberry plants with stems measuring 1 in (2.5 cm) in diameter at the ground level (USFWS 1999). Project activities will be activities occur in the buffer area, thereby avoiding any negative effects on valley elderberry longhorn beetle.	Entire Project	Permittee	

1	Mitigation Measure	Implementation Schedule	Responsible Party	Status / Date / Initials
	Table 5 lists the critical periods when disturbance could result in significant impacts to individuals or populations of special status species. To avoid these impacts, all project ground disturbing activities will be conducted during the period August through September, which is outside the listed critical periods (Table 5 – see EA/IS). If work must be conducted before this time, appropriate surveys would be performed to avoid impacts to special status and sensitive species. Nesting birds and raptors are protected under the MBTA and California Fish and Game Code. Trees and shrubs within the project area likely provide nesting habitat for songbirds and raptors. If tree removal is unavoidable, it will occur during the non-breeding season (mid-September). If other construction activities must occur during the non-breeding beconducted by a qualified biogist no more than 30 days prior to the start of construction. A minimum no disturbance buffer will be delineated around active nests (note, size of buffer depends on species encountered) until the breeding season has ended or until a qualified biologist has determined that the birds have fledged and are no longer reliant upon the nest or parental care for survival.	Entire Project	Permittee	
	For bat species, before any ground disturbing activities, a qualified biologist will survey for the presence of associated habitat types for the bat species of concern. If bats are present, suitable avoidance and conservation measures will be implemented: project will avoid work in May, June, and July and will apply a minimum 300 ft (91.4 m) buffer of roosting bats, maternity roosts or winter hibernacula until all young bats have fledged.	Entire Project	Permittee	
6	Pre-construction surveys will be conducted by qualified wildlife biologists, who will determine the use of the project site by American badgers; surveys will focus on identification of potential badger dens within the construction footprint and a minimum 250 ft (76.2 m) buffer around the construction footprint. If badger dens are located within the construction or buffer area, prior to initiation of construction CDFG will be consulted for further instructions on methods to avoid direct impacts to this species. Pre-construction surveys will also be conducted by qualified wildlife biologists to determine the use of the project site and a minimum 500 ft (152.4 m) buffer around the construction footprint by San Joaquin kit fox, surveys will also be conducted by qualified wildlife biologists to determine the use of the project site and a minimum 500 ft (152.4 m) buffer around the construction of buffer area, a minimum of five consecutive nights of camera/scent stations and track stations will be placed by the den entrances in order to determine if the den is in use by kit fox. If active or natal dens are confirmed, CDFG and USFVS will be consulted for further instructions on methods to avoid direct impacts to this species as well as the need for incidental take permits.	Entire Project	Permittee	
	Special transportation routes and work areas will be designated to avoid damaging trees and shrubs in riparian habitats, especially those sensitive species described above. Potential impacts to the riparian vegetation could occur during the transport of gravel from construction staging area to the river. These impacts will be minimized to the greatest extent practicable by selecting routes that avoid or minimize damage. There will be no impacts on heritage size trees (i.e., greater than 16 in [40.6 cm] in diameter). Trees will be flagged and fenced (when near work area) to prevent unintended damage	During Construction	Permittee/Subcontractor	

_	Mitigation Measure	Implementation Schedule	Responsible Party	Status / Date / Initials
	To mitigate noise related impacts, the project will require all contractors to comply with the following conditions:	During Construction	Permittee/Subcontractor	
	n restrict construction activities to time periods when there is the least potential for disturbance;			
	install and maintain sound-reducing equipment and muffled exhaust on all construction equipment; and,			
	optimize the location of processing equipment to be the least disturbance in terms of noise for the local residents.			
	If any objects of cultural significance are unearthed during the construction process, work will be halled until a qualified archeologist can assess the significance of the new find. If human remains are unearthed during the construction process, the project team will comply with the California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5, which states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has investigated the situation following the Public Resource Code Section 5097.98.	During Construction	Permittee	
	The Designated Biologist shall be on-site daily while construction and/or surface-disturbing activities are taking place to minimize take of the Covered Species, to check for compliance with all mitigation and avoidance measures, to check all exclusion zones to ensure that signs, stakes, and fencing are intact, and that human activities are restricted to outside of these protective zones.	Entire Project	Permittee	